



**VALUE
PARTNERS**
INVESTMENTS

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

MANAGER

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER

DIXON MITCHELL INVESTMENT COUNSEL INC.

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the management of Value Partners Investments Inc. (Value Partners), the Manager of the Value Partners Pools (the Pools), and approved by the Board of Directors of Value Partners.

Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements. The Board of Directors of Value Partners is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board of Directors will also review the adequacy of internal controls, the audit process and financial reporting with management and the external auditor.

Value Partners maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments. The material accounting policies which management believes are appropriate for the Pools, are described in note 3 of the financial statements.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the Pools. The external auditors has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable them to express to the unitholders their opinion on the financial statements. Their report is set out below.

On behalf of Value Partners Investments Inc.
Manager of the Pools



Paul Lawton
Chief Operating Officer and Secretary



Dean Bjarnarson
Chief Financial Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of VPI Canadian Balanced Pool

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of VPI Canadian Balanced Pool (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022;
- the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the years then ended;
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the years then ended;
- the statements of cash flows for the years then ended; and
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information (herein after referred to as the financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*** section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Financial Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The image shows the handwritten signature of KPMG LLP in black ink. The letters are bold and slanted, with a horizontal line underneath the signature.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Winnipeg, Canada

March 14, 2024

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Statements of Financial Position

(In thousands of dollars and units, except for per unit amounts)

As at	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 8)	\$ 1,085,325	\$ 878,104
Cash and cash equivalents	12,218	17,445
Accrued dividends receivable	1,192	667
Accrued interest receivable for distribution purposes	1,366	1,041
Subscriptions receivable	938	1,084
	<u>\$ 1,101,039</u>	<u>\$ 898,341</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 126	\$ 124
Redemptions payable	196	479
Due to Manager (note 5)	–	9
Management fees payable (notes 4 and 5)	1,475	1,290
	<u>1,797</u>	<u>1,902</u>
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 1,099,242	\$ 896,439
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 910,261	\$ 742,702
Series F	162,074	132,693
Series I	23,807	21,044
Series O	3,100	–
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 22.24	\$ 19.42
Series F	23.03	20.10
Series I	17.10	14.91
Series O	12.27	10.69
Number of redeemable units outstanding:		
Series A	40,932	38,237
Series F	7,038	6,602
Series I	1,392	1,411
Series O	253	–

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(In thousands of dollars, except for per unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Investment income:		
Interest income for distribution purposes	\$ 8,357	\$ 5,171
Dividend income	14,307	11,943
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(59)	26
Other changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
Net realized gain on sale of investments	32,307	16,670
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	105,251	(68,327)
	<u>160,163</u>	<u>(34,517)</u>
Expenses:		
Administration	203	182
Audit fees	15	18
Independent review committee fees	8	7
Security holder reporting costs	369	326
Custodian fees	42	37
Filing fees	30	47
Interest expense	–	2
Legal fees	5	5
Management fees (notes 4 and 5)	16,841	14,765
Registered plan fees	17	15
Trustee fees	5	5
Withholding taxes	504	343
Transaction costs	58	68
	<u>18,097</u>	<u>15,820</u>
Absorbed expenses (notes 4 and 5)	(16)	(15)
	<u>18,081</u>	<u>15,805</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	<u>\$ 142,082</u>	<u>\$ (50,322)</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 116,100	\$ (42,992)
Series F	22,269	(6,633)
Series I	3,604	(697)
Series O	109	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 2.95	\$ (1.16)
Series F	3.30	(1.02)
Series I	2.60	(0.52)
Series O	2.79	–

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units
(In thousands of dollars and units)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Series A		Series F		Series I		Series O		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of year	\$ 742,702	\$ 725,564	\$ 132,693	\$ 133,027	\$ 21,044	\$ 18,595	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 896,439	\$ 877,186
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series	116,100	(42,992)	22,269	(6,633)	3,604	(697)	109	–	142,082	(50,322)
Redeemable unit transactions:										
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	128,037	121,210	30,511	23,630	1,378	5,075	3,142	–	163,068	149,915
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	7,379	2,202	1,747	409	550	89	52	–	9,728	2,700
Redemption of redeemable units	(78,852)	(63,282)	(22,844)	(17,498)	(2,219)	(1,928)	(148)	–	(104,063)	(82,708)
	56,564	60,130	9,414	6,541	(291)	3,236	3,046	–	68,733	69,907
Distributions to holders of redeemable shares:										
Net investment income	(1,281)	–	(1,615)	(242)	(450)	(90)	(45)	–	(3,391)	(332)
Net realized gains (loss) on investments	(3,824)	–	(687)	–	(100)	–	(10)	–	(4,621)	–
Total distributions paid to holders of redeemable units	(5,105)	–	(2,302)	(242)	(550)	(90)	(55)	–	(8,012)	(332)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	167,559	17,138	29,381	(334)	2,763	2,449	3,100	–	202,803	19,253
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year	\$ 910,261	\$ 742,702	\$ 162,074	\$ 132,693	\$ 23,807	\$ 21,044	\$ 3,100	\$ –	\$ 1,099,242	\$ 896,439
Increase (decrease) in redeemable units outstanding:										
Beginning of year	38,237	35,190	6,602	6,282	1,411	1,193	–	–	46,250	42,665
Issued	6,141	6,170	1,407	1,169	86	340	261	–	7,895	7,679
Issued on reinvestment of distributions	342	113	78	20	33	6	4	–	457	139
Redeemed	(3,788)	(3,236)	(1,049)	(869)	(138)	(128)	(12)	–	(4,987)	(4,233)
Redeemable units outstanding, end of year	40,932	38,237	7,038	6,602	1,392	1,411	253	–	49,615	46,250
Weighted average units outstanding, during the year	39,400	36,905	6,743	6,497	1,386	1,335	39	–		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands of dollars)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 142,082	\$ (50,322)
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	59	(26)
Net realized gain on sale of investments	(32,307)	(16,670)
Transaction costs	58	68
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	(105,251)	68,327
Purchase of investments	(245,667)	(164,533)
Proceeds from sale of investments	175,946	85,190
Dividends receivable	(525)	177
Interest receivable for distribution purposes	(325)	(299)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2	–
Due to Manager	(9)	1
Management fees payable	185	26
Net cash used in operating activities	(65,752)	(78,061)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	1,716	2,368
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	156,427	142,313
Redemption of redeemable units	(97,559)	(75,395)
Net cash from financing activities	60,584	69,286
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(59)	26
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(5,227)	(8,749)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	17,445	26,194
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 12,218	\$ 17,445
Supplementary information:		
Dividends received, net of withholding tax	\$ 13,278	\$ 11,777
Interest received, net of withholding tax	8,032	4,872

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Short term investments:						
7,000,000	Canadian Treasury Bill	18-Jan-24	5.099	\$ 6,870	\$ 6,870	
3,000,000	Canadian Treasury Bill	15-Feb-24	5.184	2,942	2,942	
5,000,000	Canadian Treasury Bill	14-Mar-24	5.031	4,942	4,942	
5,000,000	Canadian Treasury Bill	06-Jun-24	4.980	4,887	4,887	
				19,641	19,641	1.79
Bonds:						
Federal:						
2,400,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Jun-24	2.900	2,430	2,377	
11,206,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Sep-24	5.418	11,254	11,234	
3,510,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Mar-25	2.550	3,744	3,437	
7,215,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Dec-25	1.950	7,667	6,945	
4,555,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Jun-27	2.350	4,997	4,379	
2,000,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Dec-28	4.250	2,069	2,077	
4,000,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Dec-31	1.600	3,978	3,488	
2,000,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Mar-34	4.250	1,999	2,123	
970,000	Canadian Government Bond	1-Dec-64	2.750	1,519	921	
4,250,000	Canadian Government Real Return Bond	1-Dec-36	4.620	7,144	7,672	
5,000,000	CPPIB Capital Inc.	8-Mar-28	3.250	4,997	4,941	
1,500,000	CPPIB Capital Inc.	15-Jun-28	3.000	1,466	1,467	
2,000,000	CPPIB Capital Inc.	2-Jun-32	3.950	1,990	2,031	
3,100,000	PSP Capital Inc.	4-Apr-24	3.290	3,068	3,086	
3,000,000	PSP Capital Inc.	15-Jun-26	0.900	2,997	2,794	
1,435,000	PSP Capital Inc.	1-Jun-33	4.150	1,405	1,473	
				62,724	60,445	5.50
Municipal:						
3,309,000	City of Toronto Canada	10-Jun-41	4.700	3,142	3,474	0.32
Provincial:						
10,000,000	CDP Financials Inc.	8-Mar-28	3.700	10,040	10,032	
6,200,000	Municipal Finance Authority of British Columbia	30-Jun-26	1.350	6,168	5,832	
2,100,000	Municipal Finance Authority of British Columbia	3-Dec-33	4.050	2,098	2,137	
2,400,000	OPB Finance Trust	2-Feb-26	2.950	2,534	2,341	
3,500,000	Province of Alberta Canada	1-Jun-26	2.200	3,599	3,368	
5,000,000	Province of Alberta Canada	1-Dec-43	3.450	4,493	4,568	
2,000,000	Province of Alberta Canada	18-Jun-25	2.850	1,957	1,961	
5,000,000	Province of British Columbia Canada	18-Jun-32	3.200	4,988	4,818	
1,520,000	Province of British Columbia Canada	18-Jun-37	4.700	1,953	1,641	
3,309,000	Province of British Columbia Canada	18-Jun-42	4.300	3,105	3,425	
4,000,000	Province of British Columbia Canada	18-Dec-53	4.250	4,052	4,231	
1,500,000	Province of Manitoba Canada	5-Mar-37	5.700	2,102	1,754	
3,000,000	Province of Newfoundland and Labrador Canada	2-Jun-33	4.150	2,998	3,047	
2,100,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Jun-26	2.400	2,035	2,031	
1,700,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Dec-26	8.000	2,673	1,898	
1,570,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Jun-37	4.700	1,988	1,695	
2,500,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Jun-39	4.600	3,435	2,681	
5,177,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Jun-41	4.650	7,513	5,578	
4,000,000	Province of Ontario Canada	2-Jun-43	3.500	3,551	3,714	
7,000,000	Province of Quebec Canada	2-Dec-51	1.900	3,926	4,621	
2,000,000	Province of Quebec Canada	1-Sep-26	2.500	1,954	1,939	
1,900,000	Province of Saskatchewan Canada	3-Jun-24	3.200	1,967	1,886	
				79,129	75,198	6.84

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Corporate						
5,400,000	407 International Inc.	25-May-32	2.590	\$ 5,574	\$ 4,817	
1,000,000	Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc.	25-Sep-30	5.592	1,000	1,065	
2,000,000	AltaGas Ltd.	30-May-28	2.075	2,008	1,803	
3,061,000	Apple Inc.	19-Aug-24	2.513	3,163	3,013	
3,000,000	Bank of Montreal	6-Mar-24	2.850	2,936	2,987	
5,000,000	Bank of Nova Scotia	23-Sep-24	2.490	4,903	4,907	
1,209,311	BCI QuadReal Realty	12-Mar-24	1.056	1,161	1,200	
2,000,000	Brookfield Asset Management Inc.	16-Mar-27	3.800	2,118	1,963	
1,000,000	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	7-Dec-26	5.000	1,000	1,014	
1,500,000	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	14-Jan-28	5.500	1,499	1,553	
4,000,000	Canadian Western Bank	21-Apr-25	3.859	3,897	3,935	
3,500,000	Canadian Western Bank	16-Apr-26	1.926	3,309	3,297	
2,919,000	Canadian Western Bank	16-Dec-27	1.818	2,876	2,631	
3,750,000	Central 1 Credit Union	29-Jan-26	1.323	3,722	3,475	
1,435,000	Enbridge Gas Inc.	1-Apr-30	2.900	1,525	1,337	
2,000,000	Federation des Caisses Desjardins du Quebec	1-Oct-25	5.200	1,988	2,015	
2,000,000	Federation des Caisses Desjardins du Quebec	21-Jan-26	1.093	2,000	1,868	
2,000,000	First Nations Finance Authority	1-Jun-28	3.050	1,864	1,955	
1,500,000	Honda Canada Finance Inc.	29-Jun-26	5.989	1,507	1,508	
2,000,000	Honda Canada Finance Inc.	28-Sep-28	5.730	1,996	2,118	
4,000,000	Hydro One Inc.	17-Sep-31	2.230	4,013	3,522	
1,938,000	Intact Financial Corp.	21-May-24	1.207	1,940	1,910	
1,000,000	National Bank of Canada	1-Feb-29	5.023	1,000	1,024	
5,000,000	Rogers Communications Inc.	1-Mar-27	3.800	5,243	4,899	
2,000,000	Rogers Communications Inc.	15-Apr-29	3.750	1,994	1,924	
2,100,000	Royal Bank of Canada	16-Jul-25	4.930	2,443	2,112	
2,000,000	Royal Bank of Canada	1-May-28	4.632	1,931	2,017	
200,000	SmartCentres Real Estate Investment Trust	16-Dec-25	1.740	200	187	
500,000	SmartCentres Real Estate Investment Trust	18-Dec-28	2.307	500	437	
1,000,000	SmartCentres Real Estate Investment Trust	20-Dec-29	3.526	887	913	
1,500,000	SmartCentres Real Estate Investment Trust	11-Dec-30	3.648	1,613	1,347	
1,400,000	South Coast British Columbia Transportation Authority	12-Dec-53	4.150	1,316	1,384	
1,000,000	Sun Life Financial Inc.	18-Nov-31	2.460	1,000	940	
1,000,000	TMX Group Ltd.	12-Feb-31	2.016	1,000	851	
2,594,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	11-Sep-28	1.896	2,593	2,342	
5,500,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	25-Jul-29	3.224	5,328	5,423	
1,000,000	VW Credit Canada Inc.	20-Sep-28	5.730	986	1,045	
4,502,000	Walt Disney Co.	30-Mar-27	3.057	4,736	4,350	
2,300,000	Wells Fargo & Co.	19-May-26	2.975	2,305	2,214	
				91,074	87,302	7.94
Total bonds				236,069	226,419	20.60
Equities:						
Banks:						
291,365	Bank of Nova Scotia			19,298	18,793	
304,948	Canadian Western Bank			8,685	9,414	
233,942	Royal Bank of Canada			20,005	31,348	
472,634	Toronto-Dominion Bank			25,430	40,467	
				73,418	100,022	9.10
Capital Goods:						
220,135	Badger Infrastructure Solutions Ltd.			6,505	8,962	0.82

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Commercial and Professional Services:						
1,370,736	Element Fleet Management Corp.			\$ 18,439	\$ 29,553	
125,586	Thomson Reuters Corp.			4,519	24,330	
				22,958	53,883	4.90
Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail:						
307,037	Aritzia Inc.			10,992	8,444	
435,904	Dollarama Inc.			18,550	41,624	
68,172	Lowe's Companies Inc.			17,739	20,005	
				47,281	70,073	6.37
Consumer Services:						
331,202	MTY Food Group Inc.			15,757	18,716	1.70
Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail:						
523,376	Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc., Class B			16,891	40,839	3.72
Energy:						
250,440	Canadian Natural Resources Ltd.			9,401	21,741	1.98
Financials Services:						
86,487	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class B			19,671	40,674	
619,826	Brookfield Corp.			25,403	32,944	
234,988	Intercontinental Exchange Inc.			32,387	39,795	
149,374	Visa Inc., Class A			21,728	51,280	
				99,189	164,693	14.97
Health Care, Equipment and Services:						
257,305	CVS Health Corp.			28,171	26,790	2.44
Materials:						
135,017	Methanex Corp.			6,953	8,463	
377,089	Stella Jones Inc.			15,418	29,081	
474,404	Wheaton Precious Metals Corp.			24,683	31,012	
				47,054	68,556	6.24
Media and Entertainment:						
259,480	Alphabet Inc., Class A			28,403	47,795	4.35
Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology and Life Sciences:						
997,931	DRI Healthcare Trust			10,679	12,454	
37,228	Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.			16,141	26,056	
				26,820	38,510	3.50
Semiconductors and Semiconductor Equipment:						
88,658	Texas Instruments Inc.			19,573	19,928	1.81
Software and Services						
49,219	Microsoft Corp.			1,409	24,408	
101,591	Oracle Corp.			4,531	14,123	
32,639	Roper Technologies Inc.			15,782	23,463	
				21,722	61,994	5.64

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Technology Hardware and Equipment:						
70,532	Apple Inc.			\$ 1,590	\$ 17,906	1.63
Telecommunication Services:						
117,997	Rogers Communications Inc., Class B			4,427	7,319	0.67
Transportation:						
197,143	Canadian National Railway Co.			12,173	32,834	
214,738	TFI International Inc.			9,278	38,704	
				21,451	71,538	6.51
Summary:						
	Short term Investments			19,641	19,641	1.79
	Bonds			236,069	226,419	20.60
	Equities			490,611	839,265	76.35
				746,321	1,085,325	98.74
	Transaction costs			(222)		
	Total financial assets at FVTPL			746,099	1,085,325	98.74
Cash						
	Domestic			11,866	11,866	
	Foreign			357	352	
	Total cash			12,223	12,218	1.11
	Other assets less liabilities				1,699	0.15
	Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units				\$1,099,242	100.00

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

1. Reporting entity:

- (a) VPI Canadian Balanced Pool (the Pool) is an open-ended mutual fund trust, established on September 19, 2007 by declaration of trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. As of March 2017, the registered office of the Pool is located at 300-175 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Manitoba. The trustee of the Pool is RBC Investor Services Trust and the Manager of the Pool is Value Partners Investments Inc. (VPI or the Manager).

The Pool commenced operations on October 1, 2007 with two series of units: Series A and Series F. On July 5, 2017, the Pool began offering Series O units and effective June 15, 2022 were renamed as Series I units. Effective June 28, 2022, Series O units of the Pool were qualified for distribution

The Pool's objective is to generate long term growth in value and income by investing in a diversified portfolio of Canadian government and corporate bonds, Canadian and foreign equities, trust and limited partnership units, preferred shares and index or sector proxies, such as index participation units. It is designed to provide both moderate income and reasonable growth over the long term, while being sufficiently diversified to mitigate volatility.

On September 8, 2023, Great-West Lifeco Inc. ("Lifeco") and a wholly owned subsidiary of The Canada Life Assurance Company, 14894821 Canada Inc. ("Newco") acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Value Partners Group Inc. ("VPGI"), the parent company of the Manager, from the previous shareholders of VPGI ("the acquisition"). As a result of the acquisition, there was a change in control of the Manager of the Pool.

- (b) Redeemable units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Pool. The Pool's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of units and series without par value. The number of outstanding units of each series is disclosed in the statements of financial position.

Series A units are subject to a negotiated sales commission payable by the investor at the time of purchase. Series F units are only available to investors that have a fee-based account with a dealer that has signed a Series F agreement with the Manager. Series I units are available to investors who have, or whose dealer has, entered into an agreement directly with the Manager to purchase Series I units and who make the required minimum investment and minimum additional investment as set out by the Manager from time to time. Such investors may include investors who opened a discretionary investment management account with the Manager prior to on or about September 30, 2022, certain institutional investors as approved by the Manager and other mutual funds managed by the Manager. Series O units of the Pool are available to investors who have entered into a discretionary investment management account with the Manager.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

1. Reporting entity (continued):

Except for Series I and O units, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. Proportionate fund expenses for Series I and Series O, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I and Series O, are paid by the Manager. Distributions of each series may vary due to the differences in expenses between the series.

- (c) Unitholders may redeem all or part of their units by delivering a written request to do so to the Manager or Trustee or to an investment dealer, securities dealer or mutual fund dealer for delivery to the Manager or Trustee. Units will be redeemed at the net asset value per unit as determined on the next valuation date. Requests for redemption received after 4:00 p.m., Toronto time, on any day are deemed to be received on the first business day following the date of the actual receipt.

2. Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager on behalf of the board of directors on March 14, 2024.

(a) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for investments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

(b) Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Pool's functional currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

2. Basis of preparation (continued):

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The most significant judgments made by the Manager in preparing these financial statements is in determining the fair value of financial instruments not traded in an active market, if any, under IFRS 13 - *Fair Value Measurement* (IFRS 13).

3. Material accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments:

(i) Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are required to be classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgement.

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial instruments at FVTPL are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Pool becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated. The Pool derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position only when the Pool has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, no amounts have been offset in the statements of financial position.

(ii) FVTPL:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which they occur. The Pool has classified its investments in securities, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Pool uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The Pool's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs.

Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

The Pool's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used for measuring its net asset value for transactions with unitholders.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(iii) Amortized cost:

Financial instruments classified under amortized cost include financial assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and financial liabilities not classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement of these financial assets and financial liabilities is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate. The Pool classifies cash, accrued dividends receivable, accrued interest receivable for distribution purposes, subscriptions receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, redemptions payable, due to Manager and management fees payable as amortized cost. Cash includes cash on deposit with the custodian.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(iv) Impairment:

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Pool uses an expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.

The Pool measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. Lifetime ECL's are the ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade and other receivables. ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (that being the difference between the cash flows due to the Pool in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Pool expects to receive). ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(b) Redeemable units:

The Pool classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Pool has multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and therefore, does not qualify as equity under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, *Financial Instruments - presentation* (IAS 32). The redeemable units, which are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a unit price based on the Pool's valuation policies at each redemption date.

(c) Foreign currency:

The Pool's subscriptions and redemptions are denominated in Canadian dollars, which is also its functional and presentation currency. Foreign denominated investments and other foreign denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing on each valuation date. Purchases and sales of investments, as well as income and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies, are translated using exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash are presented as 'Foreign currency gain (loss) on cash and other net assets' and those relating to other financial assets and liabilities are presented within 'Net realized gain' and 'Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)' in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(d) Investment transactions and revenue recognition:

Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the Pool accounted for on an accrual basis. The Pool does not use the effective interest method to amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed-income securities. Dividend income is recognized on the date that the right to receive payment is established, which for quoted equity securities is usually the ex-dividend date. Portfolio transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments are determined on the average cost basis of the respective investments.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

- (e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit:

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) represents the net increase (decrease) in the net assets from operations for each series for the period divided by the weighted average units outstanding for each series for the period.

- (f) Income taxes:

The Pool qualifies as a Mutual Fund Trust as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). Pursuant to the terms of the Declaration of Trust establishing the Pool, it is considered to distribute annually to the unitholders all of the net taxable income, including net realized gains on sale of investments, and such distributions are immediately reinvested in units of the Pool.

In general, the Pool is subject to income tax, however no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains is refundable on a formula basis when units of the Pool are redeemed.

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Any non-capital losses that are realized in the taxation year 2006 and after may be carried forward for 20 years and applied against future income and capital gains.

- (g) Changes in material accounting policies:

The Pool adopted *Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)* on January 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in note 3 Material accounting policies (2022 - significant accounting policies) in certain instances in line with the amendments.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

4. Management fees and expenses:

Except for Series I and Series O units, the Manager of each series of units is entitled to a monthly management fee from the Pool based on a percentage of the net asset value of each series of units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at the following annual rates:

Series A	1.80%
Series F	0.90%

The Manager offers a management fee reduction program to qualified investors in Series A and Series F units. If the unitholder qualifies under this program, the management fee charged to the Pool is reduced and the Pool distributes the amount of the reduction to the investor by way of a management fee distribution. Management fee distributions are automatically reinvested in additional units of a particular series of the Pool unless negotiated otherwise with the Manager.

No management fee is charged to the Pool with respect to Series I units. Instead, each investor negotiates a separate fee that is paid directly to the Manager. Series O units of the Pool pay a portfolio management fee based on a percentage of the net asset value of Series O units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at a rate of 0.10% annually.

Except for Series I units, in addition to the management fee, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common operating expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. These expenses include, but are not limited to audit, legal and filing fees, custodial, recordkeeping and trustee fees, transfer agent fees, investor servicing costs, taxes, compensation and expenses of the Independent Review Committee, and costs of unitholder reports, financial reporting, prospectuses, regulatory filings, and other communications. Brokerage commissions and transaction costs for buying and selling investments for the Pool's portfolio are also paid by the Pool, as well as the costs and expenses related to holding any meeting convened by unitholders. The Manager may, at its own discretion, absorb a portion of the operating expenses of Series A, Series F or Series O units from time to time.

Proportionate fund expenses for Series I units, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I, are fully absorbed by the Manager.

The Manager absorbed a portion of the operating expenses (note 5) of the Pool during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

5. Related party transactions:

Related party balances of the Pool as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fees payable	\$ 1,475	\$ 1,290
Due to Manager	–	9

Related party transactions of the Pool for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fees	\$ 16,841	\$ 14,765
Absorbed expenses	(16)	(15)

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Manager or parent company of the Manager held the following number of units in the Pool:

	2023	2022
Series F	–	31,913
Series O	1	1

6. Brokerage commissions:

Commissions paid to brokers for portfolio transactions for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

There were \$35 of soft dollar commissions paid during the year ended December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$49).

7. Income taxes:

There were no capital or non-capital losses available for carryforward as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

8. Financial risk management:

The investment activities of the Pool expose the Pool to various types of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Pool by contracting a professional, experienced portfolio manager, by monitoring the Pool and market events on a daily basis, and by diversifying the investment portfolio within the parameters of the investment objective and strategy.

The most significant risks include market risk (other price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks and related risk management practices employed by the Pool are discussed below:

(i) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment.

The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by the Pool is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The portfolio manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified parameters established for the Pool.

For the Pool, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from investments in equity securities. The following table shows the exposure of the Pool to equity securities and indicates the impact on net assets if the prices of the equity securities on the respective stock exchanges increased or decreased by 5 percent, with all other variables held constant.

	Fair value of equities (\$)	% of net assets	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2023	\$ 839,265	76.35%	\$ 41,963	3.82%
As at December 31, 2022	\$ 684,439	76.35%	\$ 34,222	3.82%

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments such as bonds. The Pool is exposed to this risk to the extent that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

8. Financial risk management (continued):

The tables below summarize the Pool's exposure to interest rate risk. They include the Pool's assets and trading liabilities at fair values, categorized by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

As at December 31, 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 52,242	\$ 54,168	\$ 50,008	\$ 89,642	\$ 839,265	\$ 1,085,325

As at December 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 40,572	\$ 37,690	\$ 47,844	\$ 67,559	\$ 684,439	\$ 878,104

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, should interest rates have increased or decreased by 25 basis points, excluding cash and treasury bills and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets for the Pool would have approximately increased or decreased as indicated in the following table.

The Pool's sensitivity to interest rates was estimated using the weighted average duration of the bond portfolio.

	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2023	\$ 2,652	0.24%
As at December 31, 2022	\$ 2,146	0.24%

(iii) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Pool. The Pool's greatest concentration of credit risk is in bonds and debt securities such as Canada Treasury Bills. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the debt issuer. The carrying amount of investments represents the maximum credit risk exposure as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

8. Financial risk management (continued):

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker.

Debt securities in the Pool by credit rating are as follows:

As at December 31, 2023	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	39.86%	8.93%
AA	17.16%	3.84%
A	34.94%	7.82%
BBB	7.63%	1.71%
N/R	0.41%	0.09%
	100.00%	22.39%

As at December 31, 2022	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	34.11%	7.37%
AA	16.68%	3.60%
A	37.37%	8.07%
BBB	11.84%	2.56%
	100.00%	21.60%

(iv) Liquidity risk:

The Pool is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent it is subject to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, the Pool invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. In addition, the Pool retains sufficient cash positions to maintain liquidity.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(v) Currency risk:

The Pool uses the Canadian dollar as its functional and reporting currency. Currency risk is the risk that the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar (the functional currency of the Pool) will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The only foreign currency to which the Pool was exposed at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was the U.S. dollar. The following tables illustrate the potential impact to the Pool's net assets, all other variables held constant, as a result of a 5 percent change in this currency relative to the Canadian dollar.

As at December 31, 2023	Foreign currencies (\$)	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
United States dollar	\$ 353,148	\$ 17,657	1.61%

As at December 31, 2022	Foreign currencies (\$)	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
United States dollar	\$ 279,931	\$ 13,997	1.56%

(vi) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. The market segments are represented as a percentage of financial assets at FVTPL.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

8. Financial risk management (continued):

The following is a summary of the Pool's concentration risk:

Market segment	December 31,	December 31,
Long	2023	2022
	%	%
Short-term investments	1.81	1.68
Corporate bonds	8.04	8.47
Federal bonds	5.57	5.20
Municipal bonds	0.32	–
Provincial bonds	6.93	6.71
Banks	9.22	11.09
Capital goods	0.83	0.64
Commercial and professional services	4.97	2.29
Communication services	–	0.85
Consumer discretionary distribution and retail	6.46	–
Consumer durables and apparels	–	0.98
Consumer services	1.72	1.94
Consumer staples distribution and retail	3.76	–
Diversified financials	–	12.99
Energy	2.00	2.81
Financial services	15.17	–
Food and staples retailing	–	3.55
Health care equipment and services	2.47	2.02
Materials	6.32	5.67
Media and entertainment	4.40	3.53
Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology and life sciences	3.55	1.72
Retailing	–	5.85
Semiconductor and semiconductor equipment	1.84	2.16
Software and services	5.71	11.67
Technology hardware and equipment	1.65	1.41
Telecommunication services	0.67	–
Transportation	6.59	6.77
	100.00	100.00

(vii) Other risk:

Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could occur due to legal, political, regulatory, economic or other developments, such as public health emergencies, including an epidemic or pandemic, natural disasters, war and related geopolitical risks, and may impair the portfolio manager's ability to carry out the objectives of the Pool or cause the Pools to incur losses. Neither the duration nor ultimate effect of any such market conditions, nor the degree to which such conditions may worsen can be predicted.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

9. Fair value disclosure:

(i) Valuation models:

The Pool's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Pool's financial instruments are recorded at fair value or at amounts that approximate fair value in the financial statements. The Pool classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Manager has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. There is little if any market activity. Inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into, or out of, a financial instrument's assigned level.

VPI CANADIAN BALANCED POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

(ii) Fair value hierarchy - financial instruments measured at fair value:

The following tables present information about the Pool's assets which are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 839,265	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 839,265
Bonds	–	226,419	–	226,419
Short-term investments	–	19,641	–	19,641
	\$ 839,265	\$ 246,060	\$ –	\$ 1,085,325

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2022:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 684,439	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 684,439
Bonds	–	178,939	–	178,939
Short-term investments	–	14,726	–	14,726
	\$ 684,439	\$ 193,665	\$ –	\$ 878,104

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between levels. The financial instruments not measured at FVTPL are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts approximate fair value.